



Native Prairie Grass Mix



For a
High Quality Native
Pasture
For
Livestock or Wildlife,
or simply for the
Beauty, Texture &
Toughness
of
Native Grasses

**Get Native
with your *Home on the Range*.**

These grasses are native to Texas and Oklahoma for a reason: they work here. They are what grew wild across the area long before cultivated farms and ranch lands. Able to tolerate the harsh weather conditions, they supported the native wildlife as well as the livestock of early ranchers. So plant what worked then and still works now!

**Net Weight: 10 lbs
Plants 1 acre**

See the back for Analysis and Planting Information.

NATIVE GRASS MIX

LOT: NGM2016A NET WT: 10 LBS.
MBS SEED, INC. DENTON, TX 76202 TX PERMIT # TX21909

KIND AND VARIETY	PURE SEED	GERM + DORMANT	TOTAL GERM	TEST DATE	ORIGIN
SWITCHGRASS, VNS	10.84%	96+0	96%	1/16	TX
SIDEOATS GRAMA, EL RENO	12.65%	21+68	89%	11/15	OK
BUFFALOGRASS, TEXOKA	7.91%	97+0	97%	1/16	TX
LITTLE BLUESTEM, NATIVE	12.34%	89+6	94%	1/16	OK
BIG BLUESTEM, KAW	15.51%	94+0	94%	1/16	TX
GREEN SPRANGLETOP, VAN HORN	9.44%	92+4	96%	2/16	OK
BLUE GRAMA, VNS	2.50%	90+0	90%	1/16	TX
INDIANGRASS, CHEYENNE	7.17%	31+67	98%	11/15	OK

PURITY: 78.36% INERT MATTER: 14.02% OTHER CROP: 7.55% WEED SEED: 0.07%

NOXIOUS WEED SEED/LB: 328 BERMUDAGRASS

NOTICE OF REQUIRED ARBITRATION: Under the seed laws of Texas, arbitration is required as a precondition of maintaining certain legal actions, counterclaims, or defenses against a seller of seed. Information about this requirement may be obtained from the state commissioner of agriculture.

Planting Rate:

10 lbs per acre

Optimum Planting Date:

March to May (can be planted later or fall-planted with adequate moisture)

Planting Methods:

This is a very light and “fluffy” mix, and will not flow easily through a conventional seed drill or broadcast seeder. Mixing with sand or fertilizer will help the seed flow through the spreader, or spread by hand. Best results are obtained by spreading the seed over a well-prepared seed bed, then rolling or pressing the seed into the top 1/4 inch of soil.

Care:

Mowing—Allow the seedheads to turn brown and dry before mowing, in order to obtain the maximum reseeding potential.

Grazing—Allow the grass to grow un-grazed for at least one year. Monitor grazing closely to ensure that the grass is not overgrazed and allowed to regrow.